

Kempen (Lux) Euro Credit Fund I

LU0630255346



PROFILE

Kempen International Funds SICAV - Kempen (Lux) Euro Credit Fund (the Fund) invests primarily in credits that have an investment grade rating (of minimal BBB-) and are denominated in Euros. The Fund may invest a small part in credits that are not included in the benchmark. The benchmark, the Markit iBoxx Euro Corporates Index, only includes bonds with an investment grade rating.

The Fund aims to earn a higher total long term return than the benchmark by implementing an active investment policy. In order to achieve this, a diversified portfolio is constructed and investment risks are continuously monitored. Investments are selected on the basis of extensive analysis of the terms and conditions of the bond issues.

MANAGEMENT TEAM

Alain van der Heijden, Joost de Graaf, Bart aan den Toorn, Harold van Acht, Lizelle du Plessis, Kim Lubbers, Tetiana Kharlamova, Arif Bagasrawalla More information about the team and the strategy

KEY FIGURES

Total fund size	EUR 963.25 M	2022-11-30	
Share class size	EUR 650.95 M	2022-11-30	
Number of shares	484,865	2022-11-30	
Net Asset Value	EUR 1,342.54	2022-11-30	

The turnover rate figure is per the end of the financial year of the fund and will be updated once a year.

TOP 10 HOLDINGS

1.875% Volkswagen Bank 2019-24	1.3 %	
0.000% Novartis 2020-28	1.0 %	
2.500% Volkswagen Bank 2019-26	0.9 %	
1.000% Cheung Kong Infra 2017-24	0.8 %	
0.625% KFW 2017-27	0.8 %	
1.125% European Union 2016-36	0.8 %	
1.375% Danske Bank 2022-27	0.8 %	
1.125% Italgas SPA 2017-24	0.7 %	
0.389% JP Morgan 2020-28	0.7 %	
0.010% Landbk Hessen-Thueringen 2022-27	0.7 %	

SHARE CLASS DETAILS

Share class	I	
Investor type	Institutional	
Distributing	No	
Benchmark	Markit iBoxx Euro Corporates Index	
Duration hedged	No	
Investment category	Credits	
Universe	Credits denominated in euro	
Inception date	2011-07-01	
Domicile	Luxembourg	
May be offered to professional investors only in	Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Italy, Luxembourg, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, The Netherlands, United Kingdom	
UCITS status	Yes	
Status	Open-end	
Base currency	EUR	
Share class currency	EUR	
Management company	Van Lanschot Kempen Investment Management NV	
Depositary and custodian	BNP Paribas, Luxembourg Branch	
Morningstar rating ™	****	
Morningstar Analyst rating	null	

TRADABILITY

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Minimum subscription	Initial subscription: €50,000, additional subscriptions: €10,000
Listed	no
Subscription/Redemption Frequency	Daily
ISIN	LU0630255346

FUND CHARACTERISTICS PER 2022-11-30

	FUND	BENCHMARK
Number of holdings	403	3496
Duration	4.9	4.8
Yield to maturity	3.9 %	
Weighted rating	A-	BBB+

ONGOING CHARGES

Expected ongoing charges	0,43 %
Taxe d'abonnement	0.01% +
Service fee	0.10 %
Management fee	0.32 %



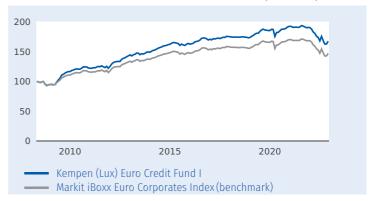
Performance

PERFORMANCE PER 2022-11-30

	FUND	BENCHMARK
1 month	2.7 %	2.8 %
3 months	-0.5 %	-0.6 %
This year	-12.0 %	-12.6 %
2019	6.7 %	6.3 %
2020	3.9 %	2.7 %
2021	-1.1 %	-1.1 %
1 year (on annual basis)	-12.2 %	-12.7 %
3 years (on annual basis)	-3.4 %	-3.9 %
5 years (on annual basis)	-0.9 %	-1.5 %
Since inception (on annual basis)	3.6 %	2.7 %

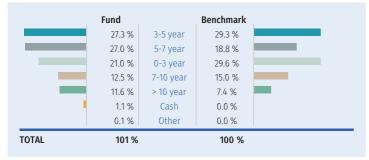
On 20 June 2013, Kempen Euro Credit Fund (KECF) was merged with Kempen (Lux) Euro Credit Fund (the Fund). Up to July 2011 (start of the Fund class I) the performance graph and performance table show the performance of KECF. The average annual TER for the period of April 2008 till June 2013 is 0.92%. Performance is shown after deduction of ongoing charges. The value of your investments may fluctuate. Past performance provides no guarantee for the future.

PERFORMANCE SINCE INCEPTION PER 2022-11-30 (REBASED)

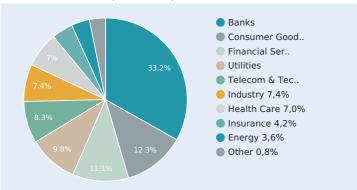


Portfolio

MATURITY PROFILE (2022-11-30)

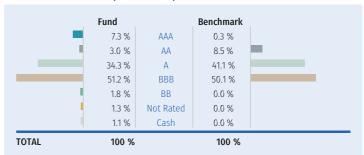


SECTOR ALLOCATION (2022-11-30)



The cash position is included in 'Other'.

RATING ALLOCATION (2022-11-30)



The rating allocation of the Fund is based on the Bloomberg Composite method. The rating allocation of the benchmark is based on the rating allocation used by provider Markit



DEVELOPMENTS PER 2022-11-30

In November, the spread of the iBoxx Euro Corporates Index tightened by 23 basis points to a level of 111 basis points over the swap curve. This is equivalent to approximately 180 basis points over the government bond curve. The index earned a total return of +2.84%. German 10-year government bond yields closed November at +1.93%, representing a decrease of 21 basis points compared to the end of October 2022.

At the beginning of November, ongoing concerns about inflation and further central bank tightening were at the forefront of investors' minds. Central banks delivered another round of steep policy rate hikes. The Federal Reserve (Fed) and the Bank of England (BoE) raised policy rates by 75 basis points (bps) to 4.0% and 3.0% respectively. However, despite headwinds from tighter monetary policy, investor sentiment improved significantly after the release of US inflation numbers for October. The 7.7% YoY increase was below consensus expectations, fueling the market's hopes that US inflation has peaked and could prove less sticky than initially feared. The idea that falling inflation could mean that the end to the rate hiking cycle is not far off, gave both stocks and bonds a boost. We don't underwrite this line of thinking as we have extensively discussed in our last monthly. In our view, investors that expect a rapid decline in inflation numbers underestimate the second round effects earlier high inflation numbers have revealed. US average hourly earnings increased by 4.7% in October. Corrected for two outliers related to Covid, this index is now showing average wage gains of around 5% for over two years now vs 2 – 2.5% in the 2010-2015 time period. In fact, before covid an acceleration in wage gains was already present with the index increasing to 3 – 3.5% in 2018 and 2019. Furthermore, US labour markets remain tight with the unemployment rate remaining near multi-decades lows at 3.7%.

Even in the Eurozone, the unemployment rate hit an all-time low. This is despite all the doom and gloom around economic growth and the energy situation. As a result, we also see significant wage gains, especially in the Northern part of the eurozone area.

The good news from the inflation front coupled with better than expected economic data and a clear pick up of inflows into the asset class clearly supported credit spreads during the month. This was mimicked in the government bond market. The 10 year German government bond yield decreased by 21 basis points, French OATs decreased by 27 bps and Italian BTPs even decreased by 42 bps.

US macro data continues to point to a resilient economy. Retail sales were better than expected, with growth of 1.3% MoM. A wide gap remains between very negative consumer sentiment and actual consumer behaviour as excess savings and a resilient labour market currently appear to be prevailing over growing concerns about a loss of consumer purchasing power. The US housing market remains the most impacted by higher interest rates. Housing starts, which in April topped 1.8 million units (annualised) for the first time since 2006, fell to 1.4 million units in October. Existing home sales for October showed a further decline. The sharp increase in the 30-year fixed-rate mortgage is depressing housing affordability to levels last seen in 2006 (source: JP Morgan).

The October eurozone CPI (consumer price index) rose 10.6% YoY, a new high. Food prices and energy costs were the main drivers. Europe continues to feel the effects of the energy crisis and the delayed price pass-through to end customers. In October alone, energy costs in Italy rose by 24.1% MoM and thus made a significant contribution to inflation in the region. Nevertheless, there was also some positive news on the inflation front. Producer prices in Germany fell by 4.2% in October. This is the largest monthly decline in at least three decades and is a sign that inflationary pressures from input prices are easing. The preliminary Eurozone CPI release for November also showed a slight easing in inflation down to 10% YoY. Indicators of economic activity in the eurozone surprised to the upside in November. The eurozone composite purchasing managers' index (PMI) improved slightly to 47.8 vs. 47.3 and consumer confidence improved from very low levels. Lastly, 3rd quarter eurozone GDP growth came in higher than initially expected at 1.2%.

In China, policymakers introduced an easing of some pandemic control measures and increased their drive to vaccinate more of the elderly, which re-ignited hopes that the country is moving incrementally towards the end of its zero-Covid policy. While an announcement of a complete end to zero-Covid still looks someway off, it ignited a turnaround in performance of Asian and emerging market equities in November. A strong recovery in Chinese demand would be beneficial not only for China but also for all major trading partners.

During November we increased the risk position in the fund. Our slight beta overweight is coupled with a larger spread duration underweight, as we remain quite underweight the long end of the credit curve. From an overall risk perspective we remain cautious on the market. Wide spreads and increasing dispersion continue to present interesting relative value opportunities.

November was a busy month in terms of supply – we had €70.6bn of gross issuance and financials took the lead again with €43.7bn vs €26.9bn for corporates. Interestingly, we also saw higher risk issuance in the form of REITS and utilities hybrids. With the market sentiment strong, new issue premiums are starting to evaporate again for higher quality issuers. Net issuance was €38.2bn, the highest YTD.

The remarkable strength in the market was driven by the demand for credit, with strong inflows every week and a total inflow estimated at €4.2bn for the month, or 2% of AUM. The inflows were broad based and not just from ETFs.

The portfolio delivered a return of +2.75% (gross). This was 9 basis points below the benchmark return of +2.84%. During the month, the portfolio's sensitivity to market trends varied between 101% and 105% in beta terms. The portfolio is underweight spread duration, mainly at the longer end of the credit spectrum where credit curves remain relatively flat. The portfolio remains invested in defensive off benchmark segments such as covered bonds, agencies and supranationals. The portfolio continues to have an underweight in BBBs, a reflection of tight valuations at an issuer level given the uncertainty surrounding the market and economy.

With spreads clearly tightening over the month our exposure to defensive off benchmark segments (in covered bonds, agencies and cash) contributed negatively to performance. Our positioning in oil & gas, infrastructure and telecommunications had a positive contribution, while technology and real estate contributed negatively this month. On an individual issuer level, the strategy saw a positive contribution from our overweights in Enel, Bevlux and Akelius Residential. Our overweights in Volkswagen and CK Hutchison and our underweight in Unibail had a negative impact on performance.

In November, the Fund participated in new deals from Schneider Electric, Booking, Orano, Iberdrola, Paccar, Bertelsmann, Valeo and Continental amongst others. On the financials side, we participated in Sabadell, SEB, Hannover Ruckversicherungen, Jyske Bank, Credit Suisse, Societe Generale, Allied Irish Bank, Great West Lifeco, Arval, Leasys, KBC, Achmea, Metlife, BPCEGP, Argenta Sparen, La Banque Postale and BFCM amongst others.

Outlook

Although credit spreads are at relatively decent levels, we remain on the cautious side. We see more risks on the horizon, including a prolonged Russian invasion, uncertainty regarding European energy supply and security, weaker global growth and stubbornly high inflation. We are still moderately bearish and think spreads could widen due to the weaker macro-economic environment, expectations for continued central banks hiking and impact over time of Quantitative Tightening globally. On top of that we expect inflation to remain sticky. Q3 2022 company results were relatively solid but we fear that higher rates and a potential recession in both Europe and the US over the next 18 months are not adequately reflected in earnings guidance at present. Spreads are too low to fully compensate for the risks that we have identified. The technical backdrop is turning more supportive with inflows in the asset class but supply is expected to remain elevated. We expect spreads between rating categories to decompress. We are underweight the BBB segment as a result. Lastly we remain underweight spread duration.



Sustainability-related disclosures

NO SUSTAINABLE INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Kempen (Lux) Euro Credit Fund ("the Fund") falls under the scope of article 8 of the SFDR, indicating the fund promotes environmental and/or social characteristics. The fund does not have sustainable investment as its objective.

The Fund excludes companies through the application of strict exclusion criteria. These take into account international standards, such as the UN Global Compact framework, the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles for Business and Human Rights, and our Principles for Responsible Investment commitments. The Fund applies additional exclusion criteria based on product involvement and business conduct.

ENVIRONMENTAL OR SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE FINANCIAL PRODUCT

The Fund promotes environmental characteristics related to:

- Climate change mitigation and climate change adaptation in line with the Paris Climate Agreement;
- \cdot The protection of biodiversity and ecosystems;
- · The transition to a circular economy.

The Fund promotes social characteristics related to:

- · Decent work;
- · Adequate living standards and wellbeing for end-users;
- · Other social topics such as gender equality and broader diversity matters.

The environmental characteristics promoted by the Fund seek to contribute to the achievement of the climate goals of the Paris Agreement and the National Climate Agreement of the Netherlands ('Klimaatakkoord'). This decarbonization pathway encompasses short-term (2025) objectives, a mid-term (2030) ambition and a long-term commitment to be net zero by 2050. Although there has been no index designated as a reference benchmark, by 2025 the Fund aims to have a carbon intensity that is below the 7% reduction pathway. This pathway assumes a carbon intensity that is lower than iBoxx Euro Corporates Index (the "Benchmark") in 2019 with a subsequent 7% annual reduction.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY

The Fund aims to generate a long-term return in excess of the Markit iBoxx Euro Corporates Index (the "Benchmark"), comprising capital growth and income. The Fund complies with strict exclusion and sustainability criteria. Our ESG-policy, described in the ESG Policy & Process document, is aimed at the promotion of environmental and/or social characteristics. This ESG policy is implemented in our strategy's investment process across four pillars: Exclusion, ESG Integration, Active ownership and Positive impact.

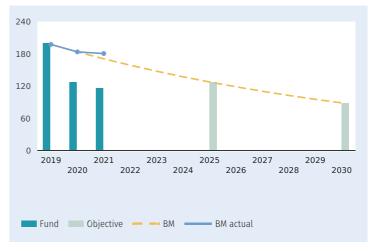
Before and after selecting the asset, we apply adequate (ESG) due diligence measures. This can help to enhance long-term risk adjusted returns for investors, in accordance with the investment objectives of the Fund. We look at each company on a case-by-case basis, taking into account both material risks in a given industry and the company's respective risk exposure, practices and disclosure. This includes:

- an assessment of good governance practices. The investee companies are rated for governance aspects using external research and internal assessments .
- the company's exposure to past controversies and future ESG opportunities Based on fundamental ESG analysis we form an opinion on the quality of a company's ESG profile and award a score (1-5).

PROPORTION OF INVESTMENTS

Information about the proportion of investments with environmental or social characteristics is available in the annex II of this product.

FUND CARBON EMISSION TARGETS



MORNINGSTAR SUSTAINABILITY RATING











LIMITATIONS TO METHODOLOGIES AND DATA

Externally provided ESG data is far from perfect. Therefore we conduct rigorous due diligence of the data used in our ESG processes to ensure the limitations will not affect the environmental and social characteristics. To ensure data quality we regularly engage with portfolio companies and third party vendors. Limitations include, but are not limited to discrepancies between company reported data and data provided by third parties, inconsistencies across data vendors, market cap bias and modelling assumptions.

DUE DILIGENCE

Before a company is invested in, Portfolio Managers perform a due diligence on potential ESG risks and principal adverse impact indicators, opportunities, as well as potential past controversies. ESG due diligence is integrated in the different stages of the investment process (screening of the investable universe, fundamental research & portfolio management). ESG specialists challenge the portfolio managers on the implementation of the ESG process on a quarterly basis.

MONITORING OF ENVIRONMENTAL OR SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

The holdings are screened quarterly for compliance with Kempen's ESG criteria. The screening process allows Kempen to monitor the ESG performance of all companies in the fund. It also encourages engagement on potential issues identified. Furthermore, the results of the screening feeds into quarterly challenging sessions between ESG specialists and portfolio managers. These sessions are used to assess whether ESG risks and opportunities are sufficiently reflected in the investment decision making process of Kempen.

METHODOLOGIES

Principal Adverse Impact Indicators are monitored at individual holding level and at the portfolio level.

Kempen ESG Score serves as input throughout the investment process (exclusion, integration in the valuation models, engagement). Scores are based on 21 ESG risk factors, which are selected based on their materiality per industry.

Carbon emission intensity is used as the key carbon metric. We calculate carbon intensity based on revenues (weighted average carbon intensity), which we use for our commitment, ambition and objectives.

EU Taxonomy alignment is measured by turnover, for which we use a combination of actual data from investee companies and estimates on EU Taxonomy alignment made by a third party provider.

Engagement Milestones are used in order to measure engagement success. All engagement contacts are recorded and classified: Milestone 1 (company is informed), Milestone 2 (company acknowledges request), Milestone 3 (company commits to improve), up until Milestone 4 (proof of improvement).

DATA SOURCES AND PROCESSING

External data providers include (but are not limited to)

- Institutional Shareholder Services (ISS), used for proxy voting, governance research, carbon data and Sustainable Development Goals data;
- MSCI ESG Research: used for company ESG Ratings, product involvement data, principal adverse indicators and to assess the degree to which the investments are in environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy, measured by turnover;
- Sustainalytics: used for ESG Risk Ratings and product involvement data. Internal as well as external data is collected and processed in several data analytics (including FactSet, PowerBI, Tableau) and internal compliance systems (including ThinkFolio).

Kempen (Lux) Euro Credit Fund (the "Sub-Fund") is a sub-fund of Kempen International Funds SICAV (the "Fund"), domiciled in Luxembourg. This Fund is authorised in Luxembourg and is regulated by the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier. Kempen Capital Management N.V. (KCM) is the management company of the Fund. KCM is authorised as management company and regulated by the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM).

Paying agent and representative in Switzerland is RBC Investor Services Bank S.A., Esch-sur-Alzette, Zurich Branch, Bleicherweg 7, CH-8027 Zurich. The Sub-Fund is registered with the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM) under the license of the Fund.

The information in this document provides insufficient information for an investment decision. Please read the Key Information Document (available in Dutch, English and several other languages, see website) and the prospectus (available in English). These documents as well as annual report, semi-annual report and the articles of incorporation of the Fund are available free of charge at the registered office of the Fund located at 60, avenue J.F. Kennedy, L-1855, Luxembourg, at the offices of the representative in Switzerland and on the website of KCM (www.kempen.com/en/asset-management). The information on the website is (partly) available in Dutch and English.

The Sub-Fund is registered for offering in a limited number of countries. The countries where the Sub-Fund is registered can be found on the website. The value of your investment may fluctuate. Past performance provides no guarantee for the future. The performance shown does not take account of any commissions and costs charged when subscribing to and redeeming units.