28.02.25 Monthly Factsheet

Marketing Communication

Strategy, Objective And Investment Policy

Strategy: The portfolio manager follows a bottom-up, stock selection focused approach that places emphasis on valuation analysis. He focuses on stocks that are undervalued

relative to their balance sheet quality, cash flow, and earnings growth potential. Factors such as returns on capital and sustainability of earnings are also taken into consideration. The manager selects stocks from a universe that includes Fidelity's own research coverage and most index constituents. While Fidelity's proprietary research is the primary source of company information, he supplements internal inputs with external research or conducts his own analysis of stocks that are not actively covered. While stock selection is driven by bottom-up valuation analysis, through the portfolio construction process he manages the overall exposure to macroeconomic risks, including currency, interest rates and

commodity prices. The manager tries not to take excessive macro risks, while seeking to add value through stock selection.

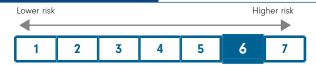
Objective: The fund aims to increase the value of your investment over a period of 5 years or more.

Investment Policy: The Fund will invest at least 70% in equities (and their related securities) of Japanese companies (those domiciled, incorporated or having significant business in Japan and those which are listed in Japan) and is not restricted in terms of size or industry. The Fund is actively managed without reference to a benchmark. The Fund may also invest in other transferable securities, other collective investment schemes, money market instruments, cash and deposits and is also able to use derivatives for efficient portfolio management.

Fund And Share Class Facts

Fund launch date:	12.10.81
Portfolio manager:	Min Zeng
Appointed to fund:	01.08.22
Years at Fidelity:	14
Fund size:	£ 426m
Number of positions in fund:	67
Fund reference currency:	UK Sterling (GBP)
Fund domicile:	United Kingdom
Fund legal structure:	OEIC
Management company:	FIL Investment Services (UK) Limited
Capital guarantee:	No
Share class launch date:	12.10.81
NAV price in share class currency:	6.563
Share class ISIN:	GB0003877817
Share Class SEDOL:	0387781
Bloomberg:	FIDEJPA LN
Dealing cut-off:	12:00 UK time
Distribution type:	Accumulating
Charges made to income or capital:	Income
Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) per year:	1.54% (29.02.24)
OCF takes into account annual	1.50%
management charge per year:	1.50%
Peer Group Universe:	Morningstar IA Japan
Market index from 02.09.19:	TOPIX Net Total Return Index
Active Money:	67.6%
Morningstar Rating:	****
Other share classes may be available. Please	refer to the prospectus for more details.

Share Class Risk and Reward Profile



For full risk details please consult the KID.

Performance

Past performance does not predict future returns. The fund's returns may increase or decrease as a result of currency fluctuations. Market index is for comparative purposes only unless specifically referenced in the Objectives & Investment Policy. The same index is used in the positioning tables on this factsheet. Index performance shown in the charts below prior to the effective date of the current index (see Fund & Share Class Facts section) relates to the previous index/indices used. Further details on these indices may be found in the annual reports and accounts.

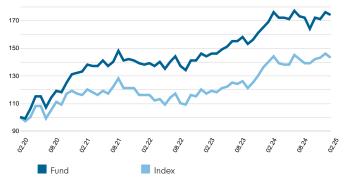
Performance for calendar years in GBP (%)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Fund	13.2	15.6	13.4	-9.2	21.4	19.5	8.2	-0.6	14.7	5.8
Index	17.7	22.9	15.1	-8.8	14.1	9.1	1.7	-4.5	12.8	9.6

Performance for 12 month periods in GBP (%)

Feb	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Feb	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Fund	1.3	25.0	8.8	-6.2	7.5	33.2	3.5	4.1	17.4	3.1
Index	1.6	36.0	10.9	-8.1	3.1	16.5	-0.7	1.3	19.4	2.0

Cumulative performance in GBP (rebased to 100)



Performance is shown for the last five years (or since launch for funds launched within that period).

Source of fund performance and volatility and risk measures is Fidelity. Performance is excluding initial charge. Basis: bid-bid with income reinvested, in GBP, net of fees. Market indices are sourced from RIMES and other data is sourced from third-party providers such as Morningstar. The investment which is promoted concerns the acquisition of units or shares in a fund, and not in a given underlying asset owned by the fund.

Important Information

The value of your investment may fall as well as rise and you may get back less than you originally invested. This fund uses financial derivative instruments for investment purposes, which may expose the fund to a higher degree of risk and can cause investments to experience larger than average price fluctuations. The data in this factsheet included in composition and breakdown sections is generated from our internal record-keeping platform. While these figures are based on the fund's valuation point, please note that it may not perfectly align with Accounting Books of Records (ABOR) data. Please refer to the Prospectus and KIID of the fund before making any final investment decisions.

FIDELITY INVESTMENT FUNDS

Fidelity Japan Fund A Accumulation Shares

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Performance to 28.02.25 in GBP (%)

	1m	3m	YTD	1yr	3yr	5yr	Since 12.10.81*
Fund cumulative growth	-1.5	1.0	1.9	3.1	26.0	73.8	2,525.2
Index cumulative growth	-2.4	0.8	-0.1	2.0	23.4	42.7	1,656.2
Fund annualised growth	=	=	-	3.1	8.0	11.7	7.8
Index annualised growth	=	=	-	2.0	7.3	7.4	6.8
Ranking within Peer Group Universe							
W Accumulation Shares	22	25	18	25	15	7	
Total number of funds	76	76	76	73	72	68	
Quartile ranking**	2	2	1	2	1	1	

Volatility & Risk (3 years)

Annualised Volatility: fund (%)	9.44 Annualised Alpha	1.94
Relative volatility	0.95 Beta	0.83
Sharpe Ratio: fund	0.84 Annualised Tracking Error (%)	4.83
Information Ratio	0.16	
R ²	0.77	

This factsheet contains information about the composition of the fund at a particular point in time. It aims to help you understand how the manager has positioned the fund to meet its objectives. Each table shows a different breakdown of the fund's investments.

Equity Exposure (% TNA)

	Exposure (% INA)
Equity	99.1
Other	0.0
Uninvested Cash	0.9

Positions Concentration (% TNA)

	Fund	Index	
Top 10	39.8	22.8	
Top 20	61.2	33.8	
Top 50	91.0	52.1	

Market Capitalisation Exposure (% TNA)

GBP	Fund	Index	Relative
>10bn	56.9	67.7	-10.8
5-10bn	18.0	11.2	6.8
1-5bn	21.9	14.4	7.5
0-1bn	2.3	6.7	-4.4
Total Market Cap Exposure	99.1	100.0	
Index / Unclassified	0.0	0.0	
Total Equity Exposure	99.1	100.0	

Geographic Exposure (% TNA)

	Fund	Index	Relative
Japan	99.1	100.0	-0.9
Total Geographic Exposure	99.1	100.0	
Other Index / Unclassified	0.0	0.0	
Total Equity Exposure	99.1	100.0	

Sector/Industry Exposure (% TNA)

TDV A			
TPX Sector	Fund	Index	Relative
Electric Appliances	19.4	17.9	1.5
Banks	12.3	9.2	3.1
Construction	8.9	2.2	6.7
Insurance	7.6	3.3	4.2
Transportation Equipment	7.5	7.3	0.2
Retail Trade	7.0	4.4	2.6
Wholesale Trade	5.3	6.5	-1.2
Electric Power & Gas	3.4	1.3	2.2
Information & Communication	3.3	7.7	-4.5
Machinery	2.9	5.4	-2.5
Other Sectors	21.6	34.8	-13.2
Total Sector Exposure	99.1	100.0	
Other Index / Unclassified	0.0	0.0	
Total Equity Exposure	99.1	100.0	

Top Positions (% TNA)

	TPX Sector	Geographic Location	Fund	Index	Relative
HITACHI LTD	Electric Appliances	Japan	5.4	2.5	2.9
SUMITOMO MITSUI FINL GRP INC	Banks	Japan	5.3	2.0	3.2
SONY GROUP CORP	Electric Appliances	Japan	4.5	3.4	1.1
MITSUBISHI UFJ FIN GRP INC	Banks	Japan	4.4	3.1	1.3
TOYOTA INDS CORP	Transportation Equipment	Japan	3.9	0.3	3.6
ITOCHU CORPORATION	Wholesale Trade	Japan	3.7	1.2	2.4
NEC CORP	Electric Appliances	Japan	3.4	0.5	2.9
RYOHIN KEIKAKU CO LTD	Retail Trade	Japan	3.3	0.1	3.2
OBAYASHI CORP	Construction	Japan	2.9	0.2	2.8
TOKIO MARINE HOLDINGS INC	Insurance	Japan	2.9	1.3	1.6

^{*}Performance commencement date.

**Quartile rank is for the fund's primary share class as identified by Morningstar, which may be different than the share class detailed in this factsheet and refers to performance over time rated on a scale of 1-4. A ranking of 1 indicates that the item being ranked is in the top 25% of the sample and so on. Rankings are based on a performance record that is included in the Peer Group Universe. In line with Investment Association methodology, this record may include a track record extension from a legacy share class and the record may not be the same class of this factsheet. Quartile ranking is an internal Fidelity International calculation. Ranking may vary by share class.

FIDELITY INVESTMENT FUNDS

Fidelity Japan Fund A Accumulation Shares

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Glossary / additional notes

Portfolio Turnover Rate (PTR = 164.71%) and Portfolio Turnover Cost (PTC = 0.06%), where shown: SRDII does not define a methodology for these values; ours is as follows: PTR = (purchases of securities + sales of securities) minus (subscriptions of units), divided by average fund value over the prior 12 months multiplied by 100. Any funds' trading in Fidelity Institutional Liquidity Funds is excluded from the PTR calculation. PTC = PTR (capped at 100%) x transaction cost, where transaction cost is calculated as ex-post (i.e. prior 12 months) MiFID disclosure of portfolio transaction costs minus implicit costs.

Volatility & Risk

Annualised volatility: a measure of how variable returns for a fund or comparative market index have been around their historical average (also known as "standard deviation"). Two funds may produce the same return over a period. The fund whose monthly returns have varied less will have a lower annualised volatility and will be considered to have achieved its returns with less risk. The calculation is the standard deviation of 36 monthly returns presented as an annualised number. Volatility for funds and indices are calculated independently of each other.

Relative volatility: a ratio calculated by comparing the annualised volatility of a fund to the annualised volatility of a comparative market index. A value greater than 1 indicates the fund has been more volatile than the index. A value less than 1 shows the fund has been less volatile than the index. A relative volatility of 1.2 means the fund has been 20% more volatile than the index, while a measure of 0.8 would mean the fund has been 20% less volatile than the index.

Sharpe ratio: a measure of a fund's risk-adjusted performance, taking into account the return on a risk-free investment. The ratio allows an investor to assess whether the fund is generating adequate returns for the level of risk it is taking. The higher the ratio, the better the risk-adjusted performance has been. If the ratio is negative, the fund has returned less than the risk-free rate. The ratio is calculated by subtracting the risk-free return (such as cash) in the relevant currency from the fund's return, then dividing the result by the fund's volatility. It is calculated using annualised numbers.

Annualised alpha: the difference between a fund's expected return (based on its beta) and the fund's actual return. A fund with a positive alpha has delivered more return than would be expected given its beta.

Beta: a measure of a fund's sensitivity to market movements (as represented by a market index). The beta of the market is 1.00 by definition. A beta of 1.10 shows that the fund could be expected to perform 10% better than the index in up markets and 10% worse in down markets, assuming all other factors remain constant. Conversely, a beta of 0.85 indicates that the fund could be expected to perform 15% worse than the market return during up markets and 15% better during down markets.

Annualised tracking error: a measure showing how closely a fund follows the index to which it is being compared. It is the standard deviation of the fund's excess returns. The higher the fund's tracking error, the higher the variability of fund returns around the market index.

Information ratio: a measure of a fund's effectiveness in generating excess return for the level of risk taken. An information ratio of 0.5 shows the fund has delivered an annualised excess return equivalent to half the value of the tracking error. The ratio is calculated by taking the fund's annualised excess return and dividing it by the fund's tracking error.

 ${\bf R}^2$: a measure representing the degree to which a fund's return can be explained by the returns of a comparative market index. A value of 1 signifies the fund and index are perfectly correlated. A measure of 0.5 means only 50% of the fund's performance can be explained by the index. If the R2 is 0.5 or lower, the fund's beta (and therefore its alpha too) is not a reliable measure (due to a low correlation between fund and index).

Ongoing charges

The ongoing charges figure represents the charges taken from the fund over a year. It is calculated at the fund's financial year end and may vary from year to year. For classes of funds with fixed ongoing charges, this may not vary from year to year. For new classes of funds or classes undergoing corporate actions (eg amendment to annual management charge), the ongoing charges figure is estimated until the criteria are met for an actual ongoing charges figure to be published.

The types of charges included in the ongoing charges figure are management fees, administration fees, custodian and depositary fees and transaction charges, shareholder reporting costs, regulatory registration fees, Directors fees (where applicable) and bank charges.

It excludes: performance fees (where applicable); portfolio transaction costs, except in the case of an entry/exit charge paid by the fund when buying or selling units in another collective investment undertaking.

For more information about charges (including details of the fund's financial year end), please consult the charges section in the most recent Prospectus.

Historic yield

The historic yield for a fund is based on its dividends declared over the preceding 12 months. It is calculated by summing the dividend rates declared in that period, divided by the price as at the date of publication. Declared dividends may not be confirmed and may be subject to change. Where 12 months of declared dividend data does not exist a historic yield will not be published.

Sector/industry classification

GICS: The Global Industry Classification Standard is a taxonomy mainly used across MSCI and S&P indices in which each company is assigned by its principal business activity to one of 11 sectors, 24 industry groups, 69 industries and 158 sub-industries. More information is available at http://www.msci.com/gics

ICB: The Industry Classification Benchmark is a taxonomy mainly used across FTSE Russell indices in which each company is assigned by its principal business activity to one of 11 industries, 20 supersectors, 45 sectors and 173 subsectors. More information is available at https://www.ftserussell.com/data/industry-classification-benchmark-icb

TOPIX: Tokyo stock Price Index, commonly known as TOPIX, is a stock market index for the Tokyo Stock Exchange (TSE) in Japan, tracking all domestic companies of the exchange's First Section. It is calculated and published by the TSE.

IPD means the Investment Property Databank who are a provider of performance analysis and benchmarking services for investors in real estate. IPD UK Pooled Property Funds Index – All Balanced Funds is a component of the IPD Pooled Funds Indices which is published quarterly by IPD.

PNAV: Performance Net Asset Value enables calculation of how a fund would have hypothetically performed if its valuation point had been aligned with the index. It is calculated at the month end by revaluing fund assets using market-closing prices to align with the index, standard WM/Reuters closing FX rates (fixed at 16.00 UK time) to align with the index, and stripping out any adjustments resulting from Fidelity International's fair value

or swing pricing policies. This simulated performance is for illustrative purposes only. No client dealing takes place using PNAV.

Primary share class: is identified by Morningstar when the analysis calls for only one share class per fund to be in the peer group. It is the share class Morningstar recommends as the best proxy for the portfolio for the relevant market and category/GIF combination. In most cases the share class chosen will be the most retail version (based upon actual management charge, inception date, distribution status, currency and other factors) unless a share class that is less retailed focused has a much longer track record. It is different to the oldest share class data point in that it is on an available for sale level and not all markets will have the oldest share class for sale in that region. The Primary share class is also based on category so each available for sale/category combination for the fund will have its own primary share class.

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